



Scaling-Up Nutrition (SUN) Movement and its role to overcome all forms of malnutrition-Global and National Perspective

Planning Commission

M/o Planning, Development & Special Initiatives

Nutrition Section/SUN Secretariat

By

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Malnutrition Situation

Malnutrition is responsible for more ill health than any other cause. Children under five years of age face multiple burdens: 150.8 million are stunted, 50.5 million are wasted and 38.3 million are overweight

Population Group/Indicator in Percent	NNS 2011 (%)	NNS 2018 (%)
Children Under 5 Years Age		
Stunting	44	40
Wasting	15	18
Underweight	32	29
Overweight		9
Anemia	63	54
Vitamin A Deficiency	54	51
Iodine Deficiency	36	29
Zinc Deficiency	39	19
Adolescent Nutrition (10-19 Years)		
Overweight		7
Anemia		57
Women of Reproductive Age (15-49 Years)		
Iodine Deficiency	36	17
Anemia (Pregnant)	51	42
Vitamin A Deficiency (Non-Pregnant)	42	27
Zinc Deficiency (Pregnant)	48	22

Malnutrition Situation in Pakistan

Changing Trends

 The epidemiology and drivers of malnutrition have changed considerably since SUN's inception

 Worldwide, 2 billion adults and over 40 million children under five years old are overweight or obese, contributing to other adverse outcomes, such as diet-related noncommunicable diseases (NCDs) that contribute to 4 million deaths worldwide

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 Low- and middle-income countries are SUN's core constituency—have the highest risks of dying from

NCDs

 Twenty-seven of the 41 countries with a triple burden of malnutrition are SUN member countries

Consequences

- Current estimates suggest that all forms of malnutrition cost the global economy an estimated \$3.5 trillion per year, or \$500 per individual, creating a major impediment for country governments in their efforts to reduce poverty and create thriving and productive communities (Global Panel 2016).
- Unlike investments in physical infrastructure, investments intended to reduce malnutrition generate benefits that are durable, inalienable, and portable.

Brief SUN History

- Across 2008 and 2009 a spike in global food prices and the global financial crisis sparked global concerns for the world's poorest populations
- High-Level Task Force on Food and Nutrition
 Security was established by the UN Secretary-General in 2008
- Same year, the <u>Lancet series on maternal and child</u> <u>nutrition</u> provided a new evidence base for action on nutrition
- In 2010 <u>Scaling Up Nutrition Movement launched</u>

The vision and principles of SUN

Since 2010, the SUN Movement has inspired a new way of working collaboratively to end malnutrition, in all its forms.

With the governments of SUN Countries in the lead, it unites people—from civil society, the United Nations, donors, businesses and researchers—in a collective effort to improve nutrition

SUN Movement Strategic Objectives



1. Expand and sustain an enabling political environment



Prioritise and institutionalise effective actions that contribute to good nutrition

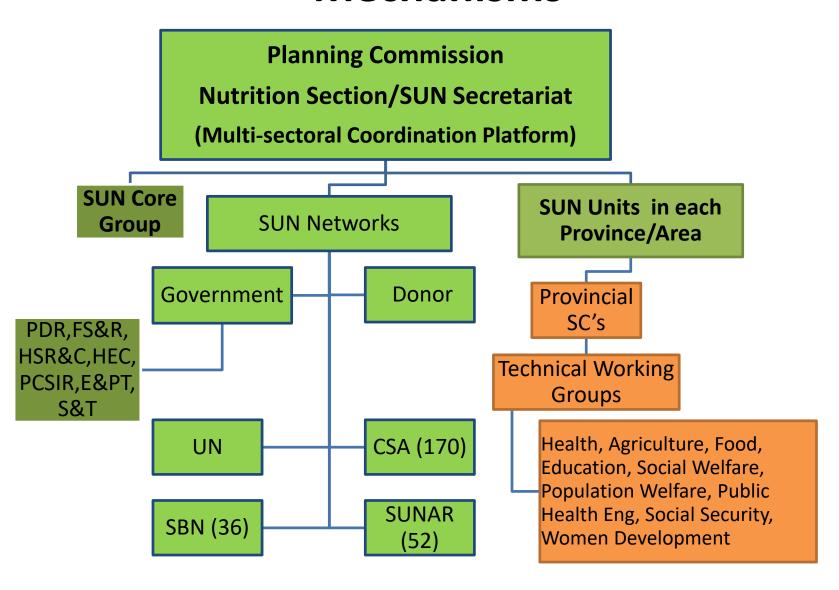


3. Implement effective actions aligned with Common Results



 Effectively use, and significantly increase, financial resources for nutrition

SUN/Multi-sectoral Coordination Mechanisms



Thank You



Healthy People, Strong Nations